



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

*Summary of work in Chinese and Japanese districts in San Francisco
for week ended October 3, 1903.*

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, at San Francisco, under date of October 5, being record of work in Chinatown for week ended October 3, 1903:

Buildings reinspected.....	221
Rooms	1,633
Persons inspected	1,917
Sick	44
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary	14
Dead examined	8
Necropsies	2
Rats examined bacteriologically.....	39
Number showing pest inspection	1
Places limed and disinfected	1,252
Times streets swept.....	3
Sewers flushed	16
Notices served to abate plumbing nuisances	22
Plumbing nuisances abated	11
Number instructed to abate nuisances.....	36
Total number of plumbing inspections	131

Plague death in San Francisco bacteriologically confirmed.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., October 2, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington.

Diagnosis bacteriologically confirmed in case 102.

BLUE.

NOTE.—This death occurred September 13. Nationality of patient, Canadian.

Measures for checking smallpox in Maine.

QUARANTINE, PORTLAND, ME., October 2, 1903.

SIR: I have the honor to quote from Acting Asst. Surg. H. H. Hammond's report of sanitary work performed for the Service during the month of September as follows:

During the month I visited 16 families, saw 25 cases (smallpox), and fumigated 16 houses and 2 school buildings. At present writing there are 5 cases of smallpox in the town of Madawaska, 3 in Grant Isle, and 2 in Vanburen.

I have succeeded in inducing the local boards of our various towns to offer free vaccination, but I find that many are either opposed to the measure or reluctant to submit.

Respectfully,

P. C. KALLOCH, Surgeon.